

# What can we learn from a climate model-data comparison for the Last Interglacial period?

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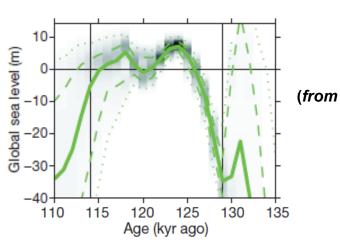






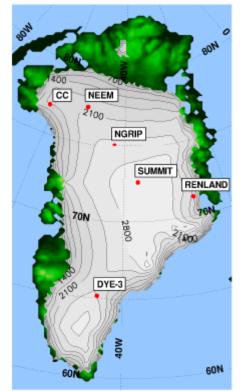
#### **Background**

- Why the Last Interglacial?
- Why are we interested in the high latitudes?



LIG sea-level

(from Kopp et al. 2009)







Stone et al. (2013)





#### **Background cont...**

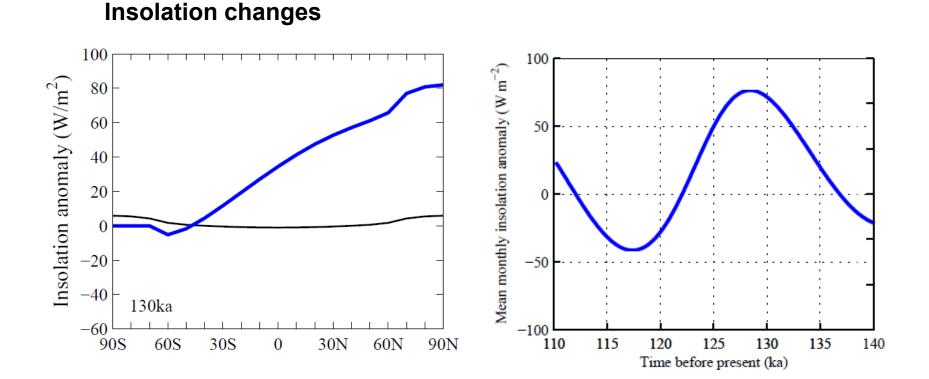
 Are patterns of temperature response coincident between the Northern and Southern Hemispheres in timing and magnitude?

 Can we replicate the patterns observed in the data record with a model?





#### What causes the LIG warming?

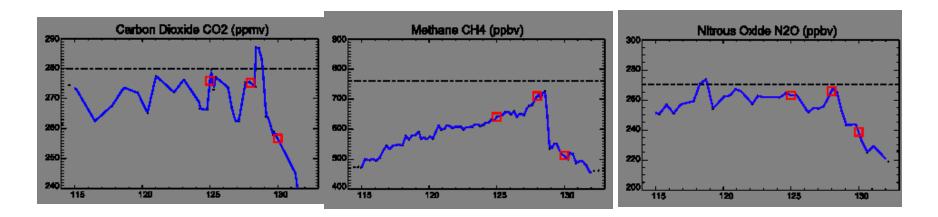






#### What causes the LIG warming?

#### Greenhouse gas changes









#### **W** The models

	HadCM3	FAMOUS
Ocean resolution	1.25° x 1.25°	2.5° x 3.75°
Atmosphere resolution	2.5° x 3.75°	5° x 7.5°
Vertical layers in the atmosphere	19	11
Atmospheric time step	30 min	1hour
Land-sea mask		





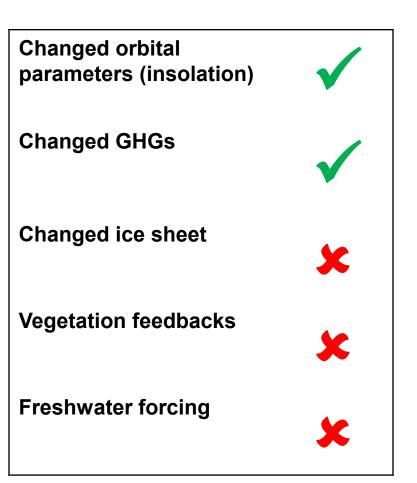




#### **Experimental design**

HadCM3 = SNAPSHOTS > 4 simulations of 500 model years: 130, 128, 125 and 0 ka (BP)

#### FAMOUS = TRANSIENTS > 132-115ka

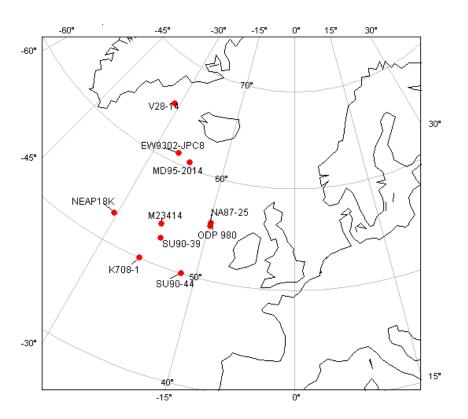








#### Temperature evolution in the North Atlantic

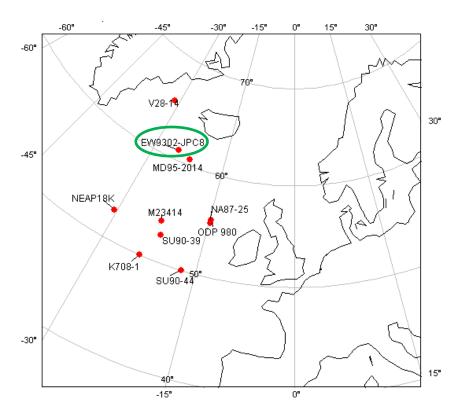


 Important since model comparison shows different behaviours of the thermohaline circulation during the LIG

•Proxy-based reconstructions of surface temperatures from the Norwegian Sea and the North Atlantic inconclusive on the timing of peak interglacial warmth



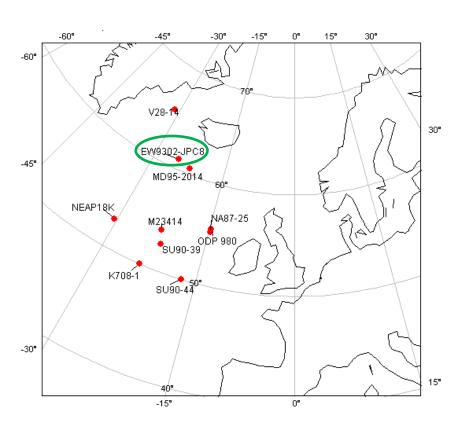


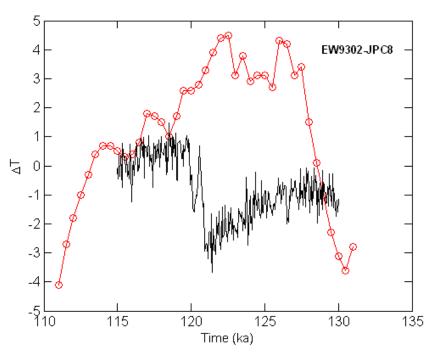






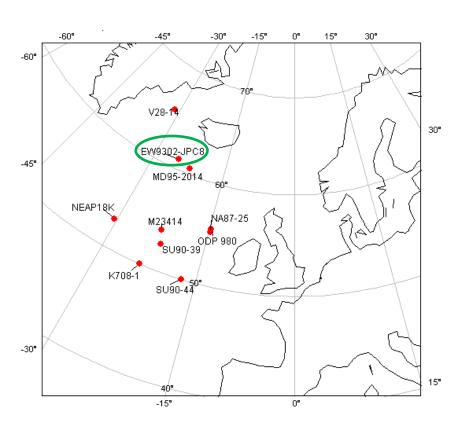


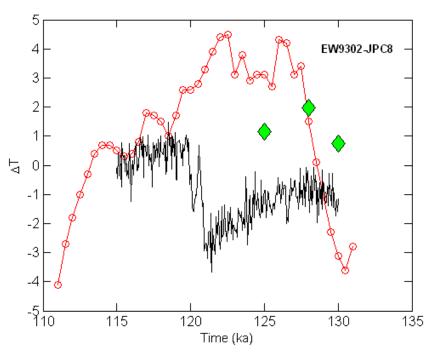




Data – JJA Model – JJA

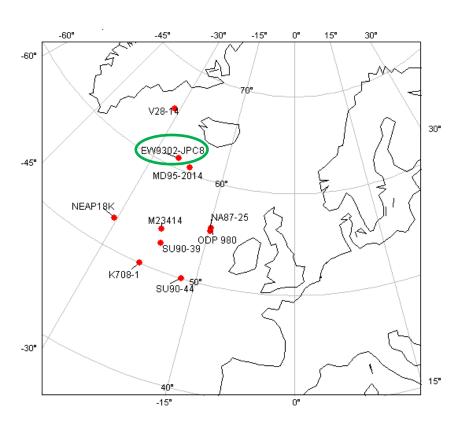




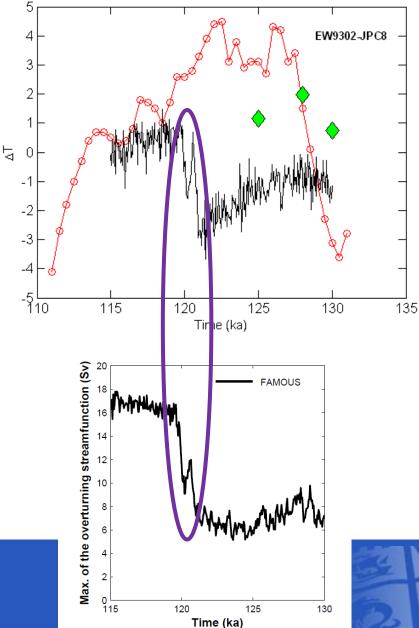


Data – JJA Model – JJA Snapshots – JJA

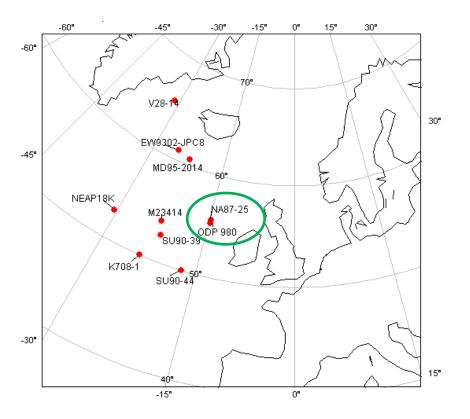




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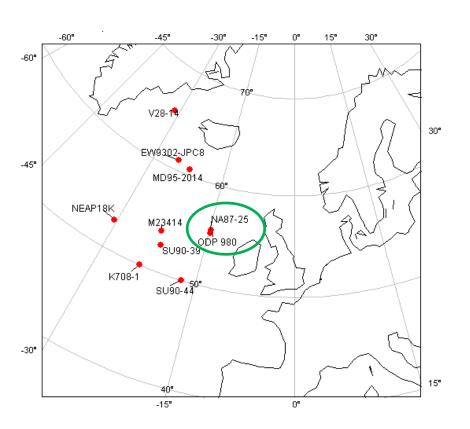


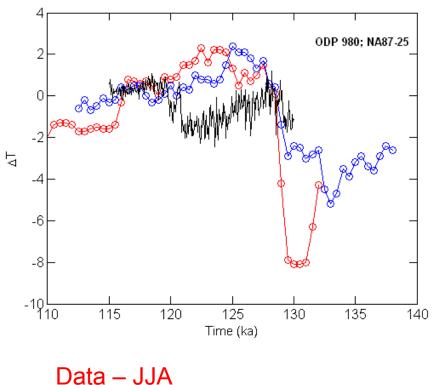








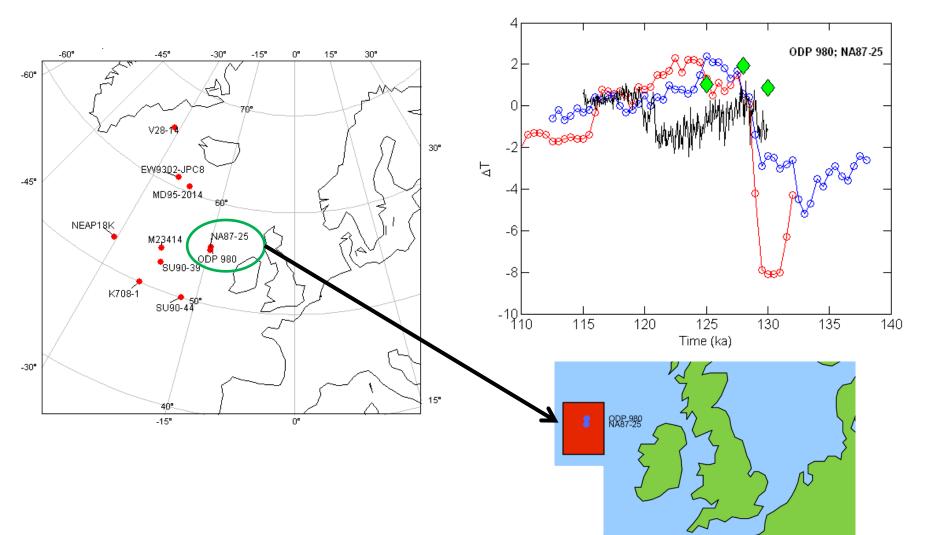




Data – JJA Model – JJA



#### **Z** Temperature evolution in the North Atlantic

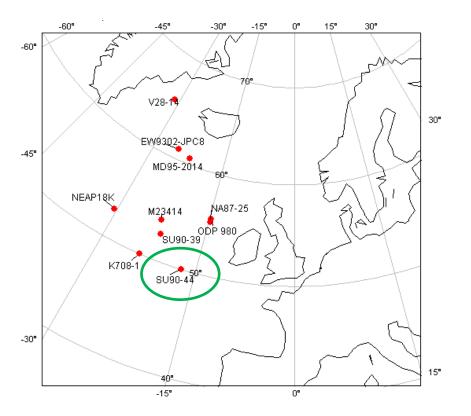


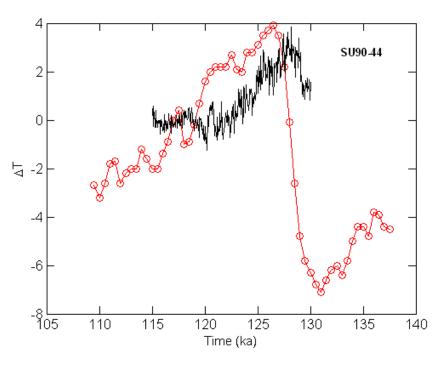








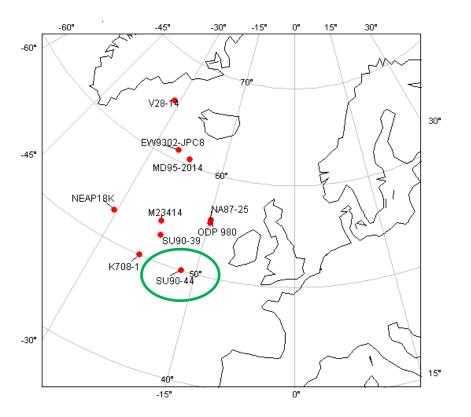


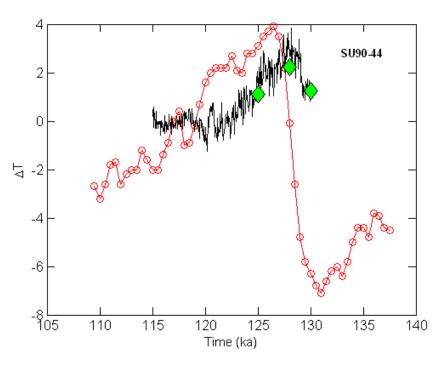


Data – JJA Model – JJA







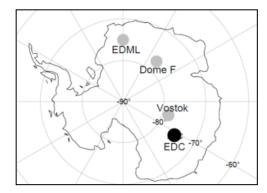


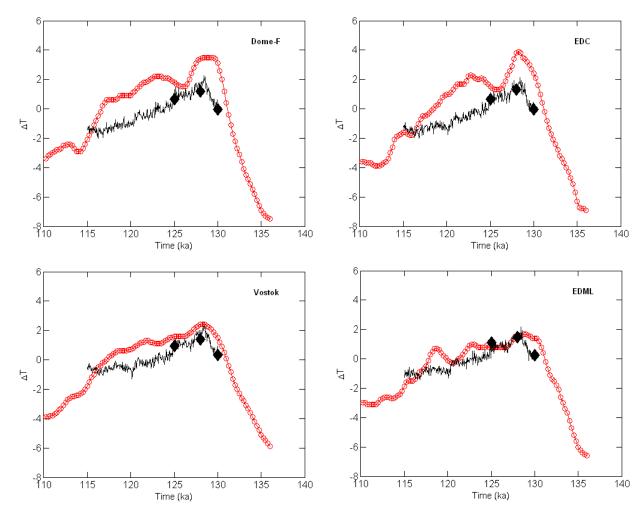
Data – JJA Model – JJA





#### **Z** Temperature evolution in Antarctica





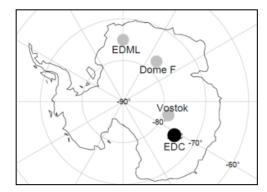
Data – annual Model – annual

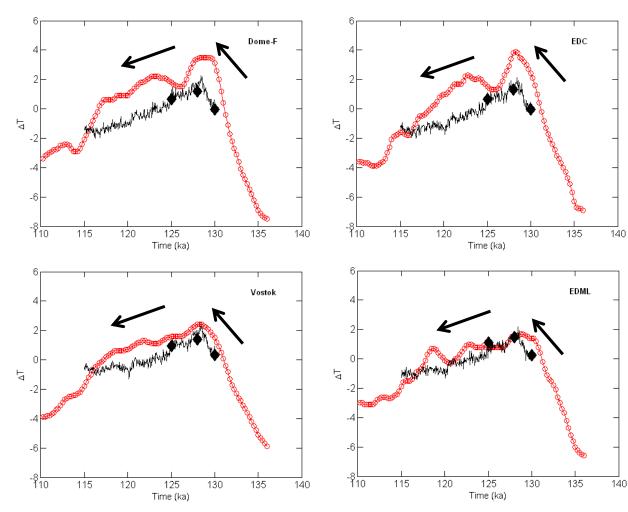






#### **Markov Temperature evolution in Antarctica**





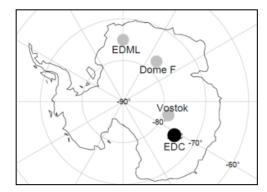
Data – annual Model – annual

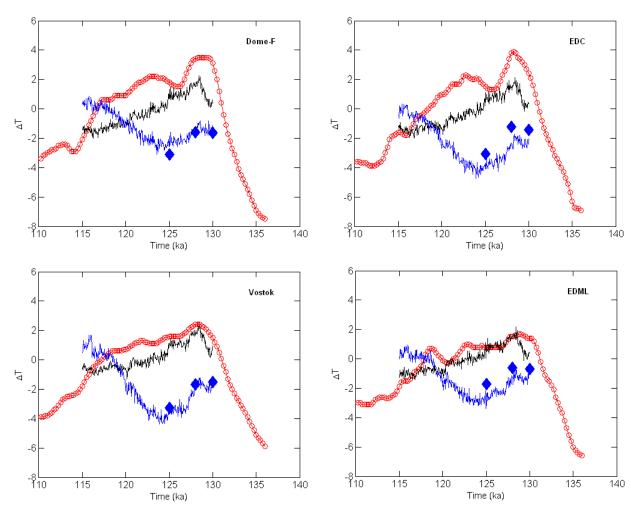






#### **Z** Temperature evolution in Antarctica





Data – annual Model – annual Model – DJF

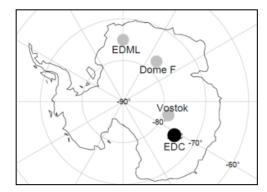


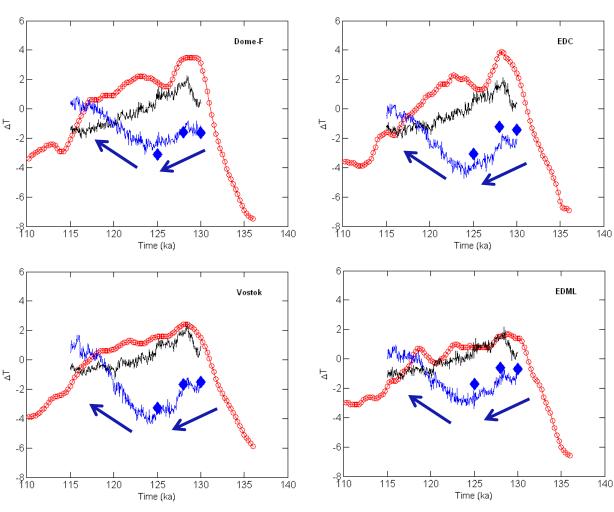






#### **Markov Temperature evolution in Antarctica**





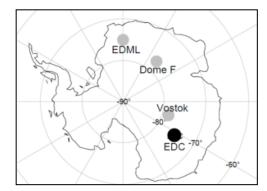
Data – annual Model – annual Model – DJF

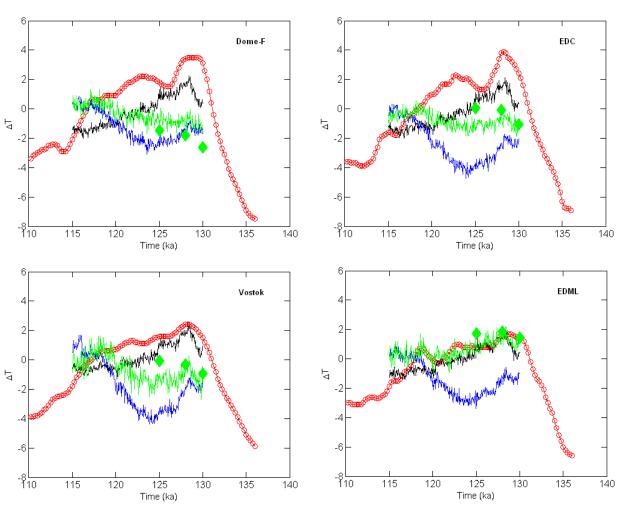






#### **Z** Temperature evolution in Antarctica





Data – annual Model – annual Model – DJF Model – ppt-weighted

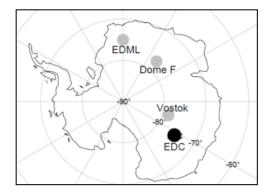


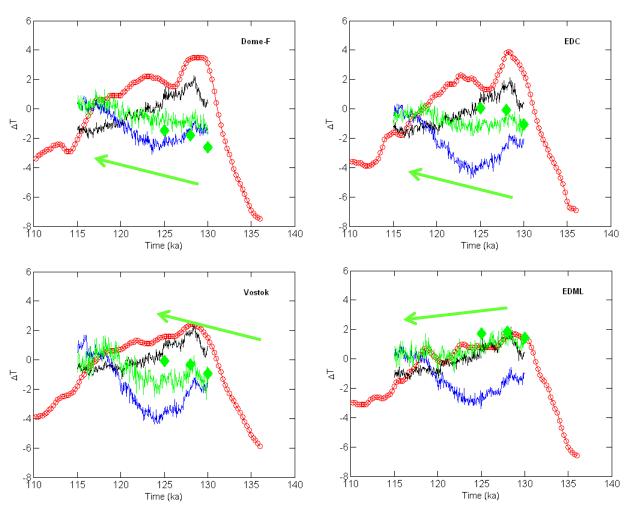






#### **Markov Temperature evolution in Antarctica**





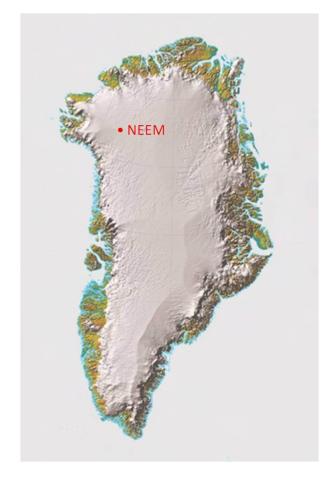
Data – annual Model – annual Model – DJF Model – ppt-weighted

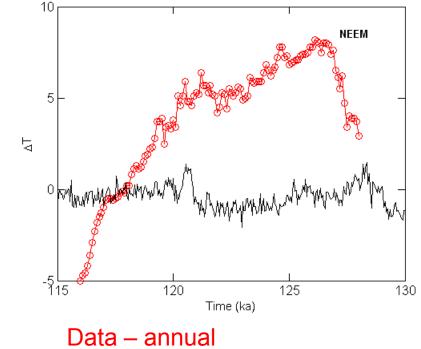




Using interglacials to assess future sea-level scenarios

#### **Temperature evolution over Greenland**

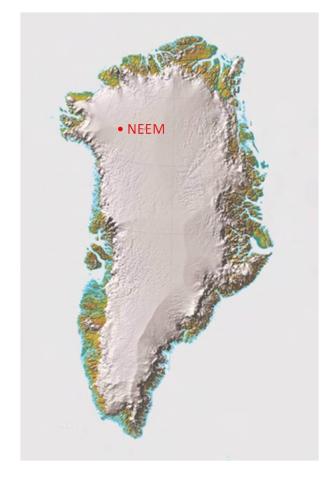


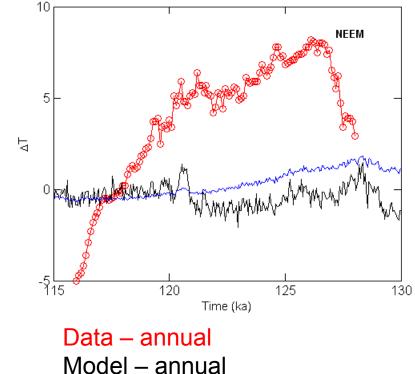


Model – annual



#### **Temperature evolution over Greenland**



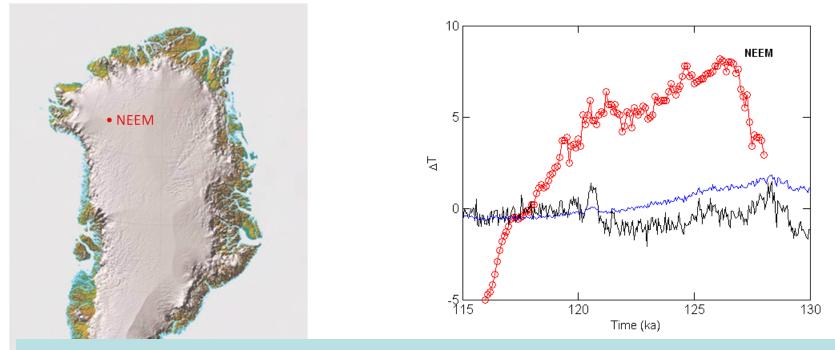


Model – JJA





#### **Temperature evolution over Greenland**



Model peak temperature precedes peak warmth from data

Model cannot replicate the magnitude of warmth





#### **Concluding remarks and next steps**

#### **North Atlantic**

- Peak LIG warmth out of phase between model and data at several locations
- Model changes related to THC slow down
  - Multi-model comparisons with palaeo-data required
- Variability between locations
  - Should we be averaging over a region instead of comparing at specific locations?
  - Consideration of sites to be chosen for more data acquisition

#### Antarctica

- Good agreement between annual model temperatures and data
- Out of phase when compared with model peak warmth (DJF)
- Precipitation-weighted temperatures dominated by DJF temperatures (when most precipitation falls in the model)







#### Concluding remarks and next steps

#### Greenland

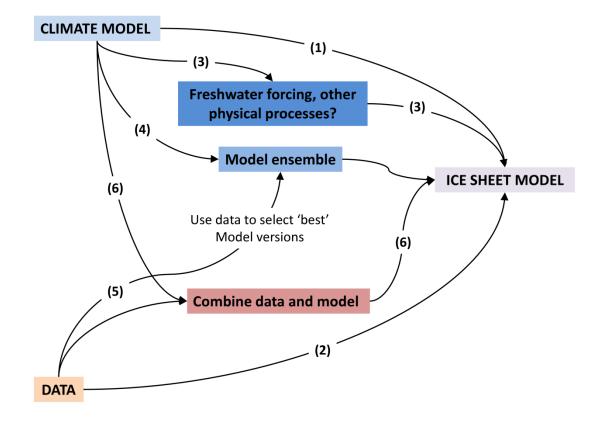
- Earlier warmth shown in model compared with data
- Model cannot replicate the ~8°C warmth observed in the data
  - Missing feedbacks?
- Warming occurs first in Northern Hemisphere then Southern Hemisphere in contradiction with the data
  - Could be due to representation of physical processes in the model?
  - Lack of freshwater forcing? Timing needs to be considered. Bern3D model included freshwater hosing from remnant ice sheets resulting in delayed peak warmth.





#### **Concluding remarks and next steps**

• Possible next directions.....







### Thank you

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